

GREATER BURLINGTON, IOWA LABORSHED AREA

A STUDY IN LABOR AVAILABILITY AND WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

[HTTPS://WORKFORCE.IOWA.GOV/LABORSHED](https://workforce.iowa.gov/laborshed)

RELEASED
2023



ESTIMATED POPULATION
AGES 18-64

130,971

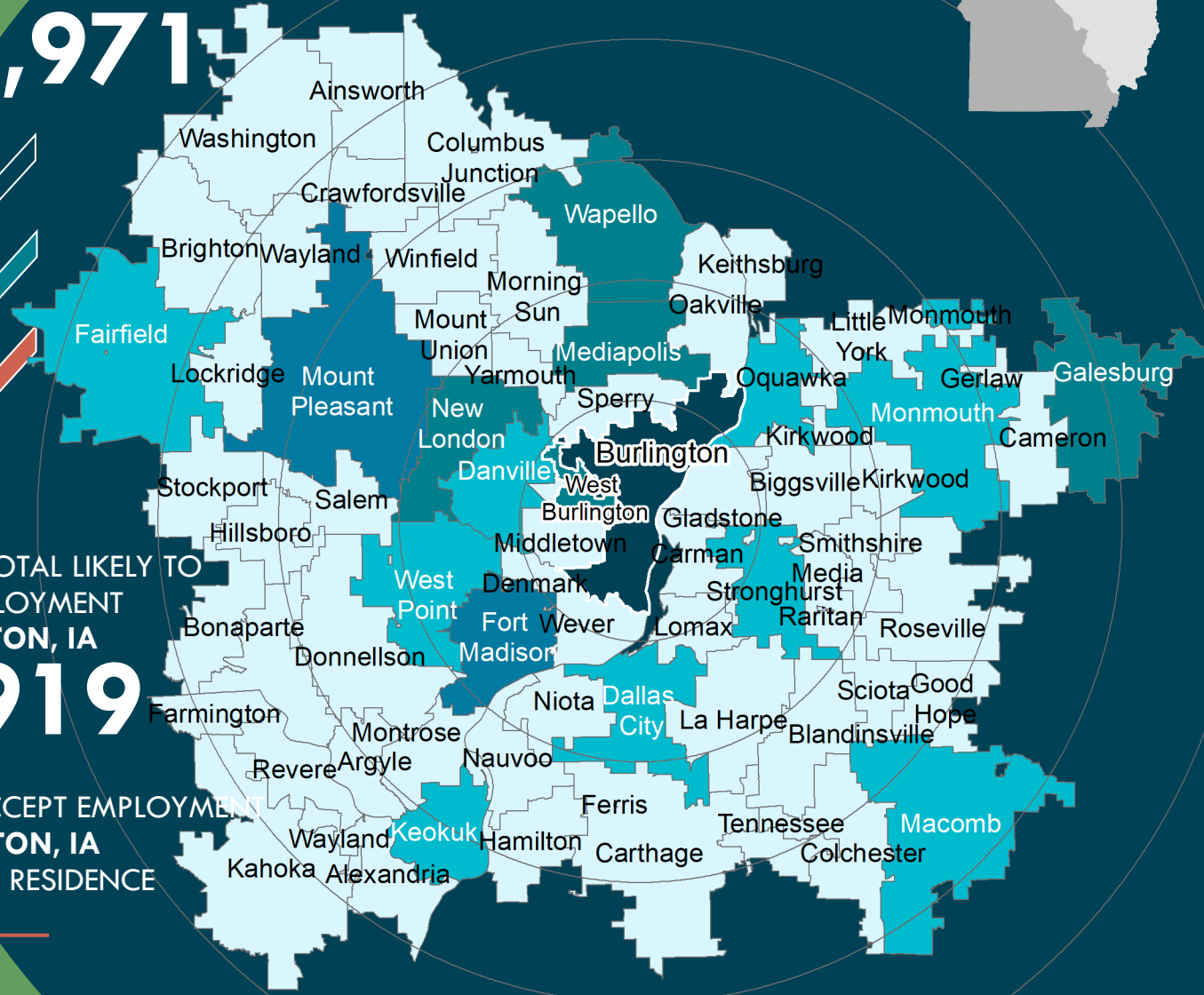
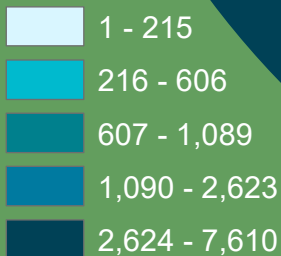
AREA SHOWN



ESTIMATED TOTAL LIKELY TO
ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT
IN **BURLINGTON, IA**

24,919

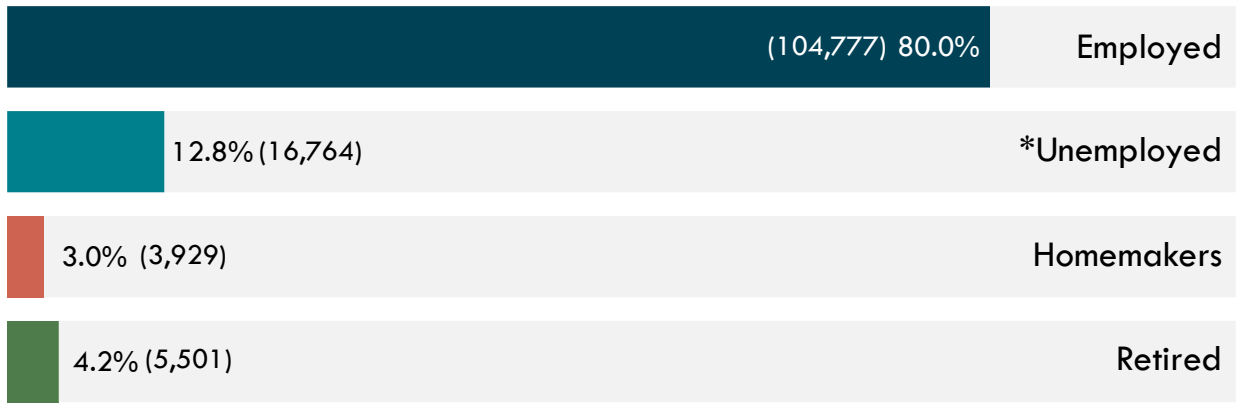
LIKELY TO
CHANGE/ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT
IN **BURLINGTON, IA**
BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE
(PER ZIP CODE)



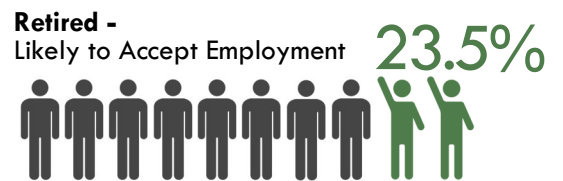
10-Mile Interval Between Rings

GREATER BURLINGTON LABORSHED ANALYSIS

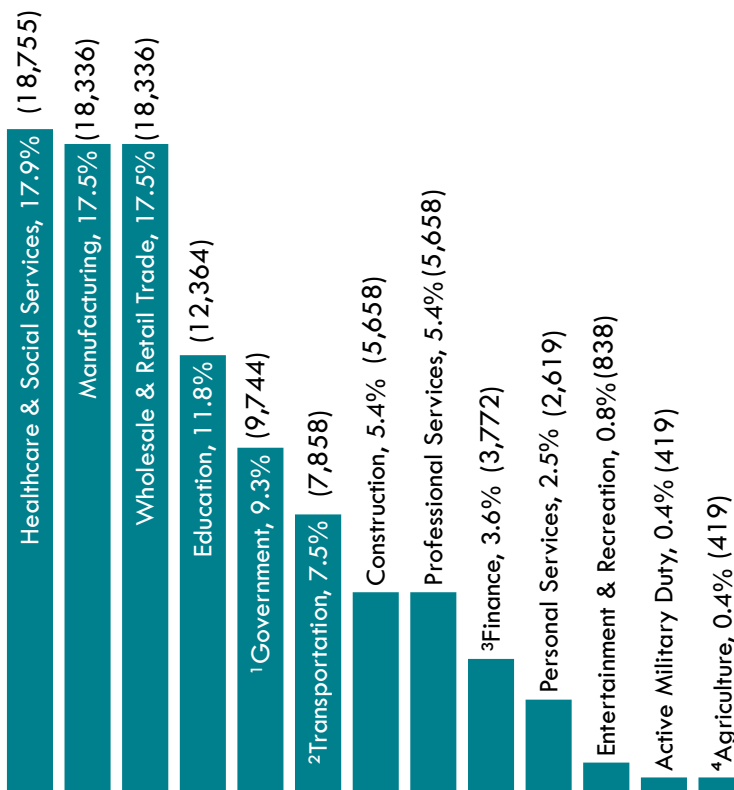
EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)*



*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.



BREAKOUT OF THE EMPLOYED BY INDUSTRY (ESTIMATED TOTAL)



¹Public Administration, Government Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate

²Transportation, Communications, & Utilities
⁴Agriculture, Forestry, & Mining

Totals may vary due to rounding.

TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED

	Paid Sick Leave/ PTO/ Vacation	93.3%
	Health/Medical Insurance	88.3%
	Dental Coverage	86.6%
	Pension/ Retirement/401K	86.6%
	Paid Holiday	84.5%
	Vision Coverage	82.0%
	Life Insurance	80.8%
	Disability Insurance	76.6%
	Prescription Drug Coverage	63.6%
	Flex Spending Account	61.5%

A Laborshed area is defined by its commuting pattern and illustrates which communities contribute to an employment center's workforce and at what level. To determine the boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. The data in this publication reflects characteristics specific to the workforce in the Greater Burlington Laborshed area.

The employed are currently commuting an average of—



EMPLOYED: LIKELY TO CHANGE

• An estimated **20,613** employed individuals are likely to change their current employment situation for an opportunity in Burlington

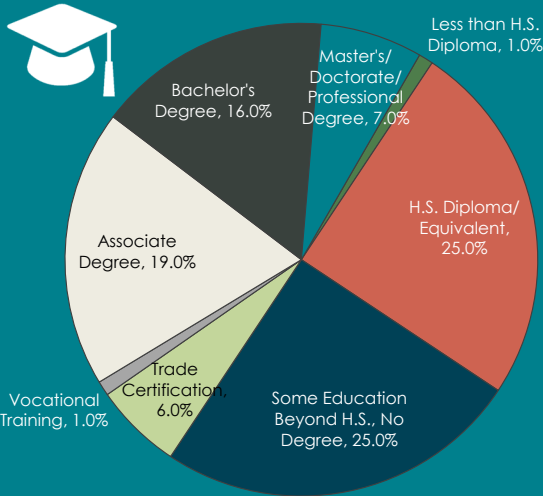
• Current occupational categories:

Production, Construction, Material Moving	30.6%
Professional, Paraprofessional, Technical	21.4%
Service	16.3%
Clerical	14.3%
Managerial	10.2%
Sales	7.2%
Agricultural	0.0%

• Current median wages: \$

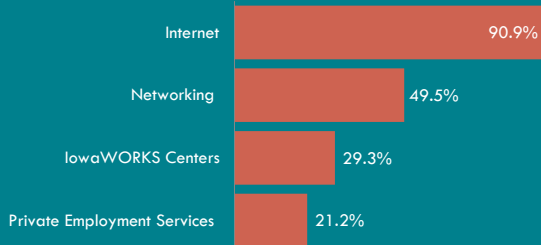
- \$17.88/hour and \$50,000/year
- \$20.35/hour - attracts 66%
- \$22.00/hour - attracts 75%

• 74.0% have an education beyond HS



• **24.0%** are actively seeking employment

• Most frequently identified job search resources:



• Top sites:



• Top newspapers:



• Commute:

- Currently commuting an average of **14 miles/18 minutes** (one-way) to work
- Willing to commute an average of **29 miles/36 minutes** (one-way) to work

UNEMPLOYED: LIKELY TO ACCEPT

• An estimated **2,029** unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Burlington

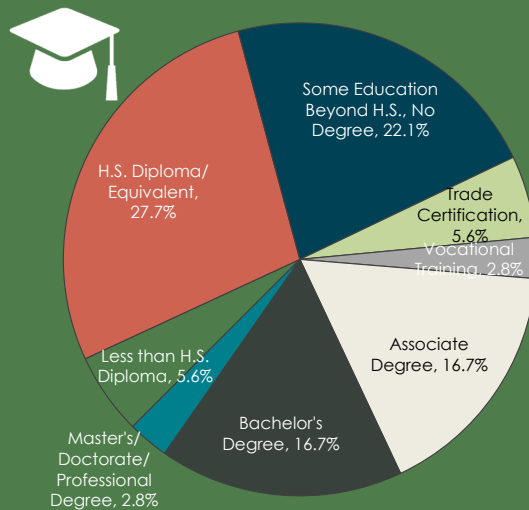
• Former occupational categories:

Production, Construction, Material Moving	32.4%
Service	17.6%
Clerical	14.7%
Professional, Paraprofessional, Technical	14.7%
Managerial	11.8%
Sales	8.8%
Agricultural	0.0%

• Median wages: \$

- \$15.00/hour - lowest willing to accept
- \$17.00/hour - attracts 66%
- \$18.50/hour - attracts 75%

• 66.7% have an education beyond HS



• **63.9%** are actively seeking employment

• Most frequently identified job search resources:



• Top sites:



• Top newspapers:



• Commute:

- Willing to commute an average of **24 miles/34 minutes** (one-way) to work



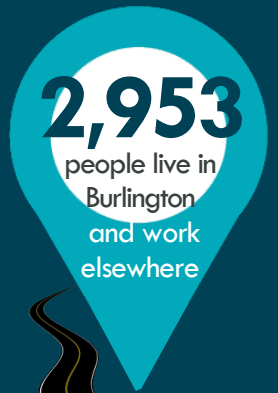
The Laborshed survey collects information regarding the **out commute** for an employment center.

The **out commute** for Greater Burlington is estimated at **20.4 percent**—approximately **2,953** people living in Greater Burlington work in other communities.

Most of those who are out commuting are working in Fort Madison and Mount Pleasant.

Nearly two-fifths (38.1%) of out commuters are likely to change employment (approximately 1,125 people).

57.1% earn an annual salary—median salary is **\$70,000/year**
38.1% earn an hourly wage—median wage is **\$26.59/hour**



EDUCATION OF AVAILABLE LABOR BY INDUSTRY OF CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYMENT

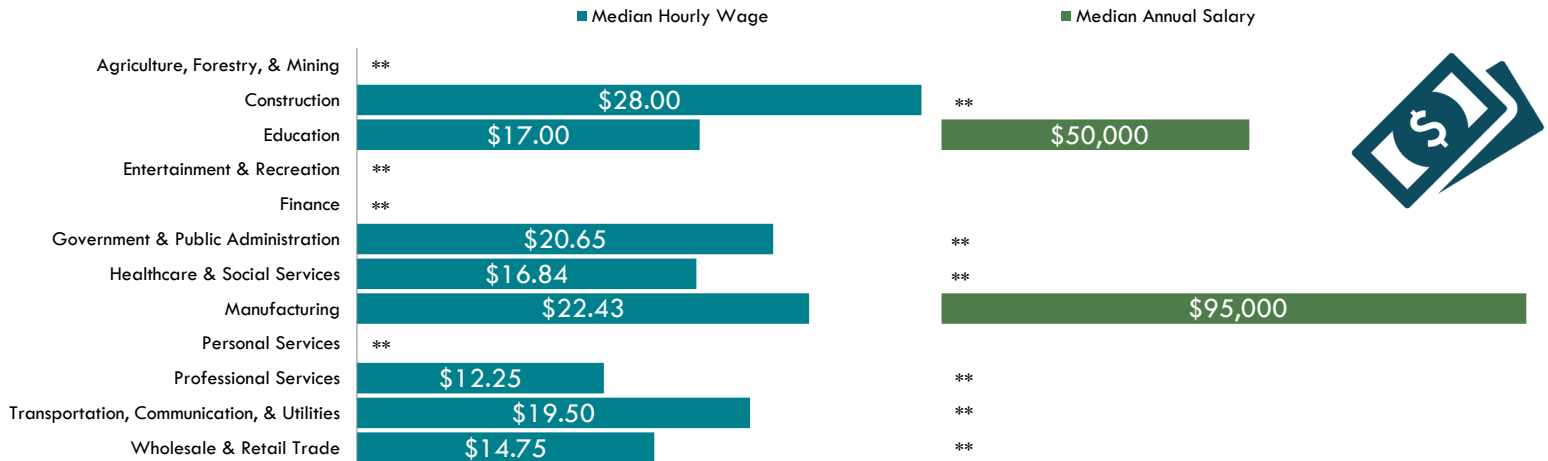
Data on this page is specific to only those survey respondents that reported they are likely to change or accept employment.



Industry	Education Beyond HS	Some Education Beyond HS, No Degree Obtained	Trade Certification/Vocational Training	Associate Degree	Bachelor's Degree or Above
Agriculture, Forestry, & Mining	**	**	**	**	**
Construction	60.0%	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Education	91.6%	33.3%	0.0%	8.3%	50.0%
Entertainment & Recreation	**	**	**	**	**
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	**	**	**	**	**
Government & Public Administration	83.3%	33.3%	8.3%	16.7%	25.0%
Healthcare & Social Services	79.3%	20.7%	6.9%	20.7%	31.0%
Manufacturing	60.0%	24.0%	0.0%	16.0%	20.0%
Personal Services	**	**	**	**	**
Professional Services	66.8%	16.7%	16.7%	16.7%	16.7%
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	71.5%	14.3%	28.6%	0.0%	28.6%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	71.1%	31.6%	10.5%	21.1%	7.9%

Top percentages among industries per education level are highlighted in the table. **Insufficient survey data/refused

WAGES OF AVAILABLE LABOR BY INDUSTRY OF CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYMENT



**Insufficient survey data/refused. A lack of data for a particular industry is not necessarily indicative that there were no (or few) individuals surveyed within that industry. Rather, it may be that there simply were no respondents within that industry that also reported that they are likely to change or accept employment.

Note: A wide variety of occupations are included within these industry categories. Industry classification is based upon the respondent's reported current or former employer. Two respondents that work for a manufacturer will be classified within the manufacturing industry even if, for example, one respondent is a custodian and the other is an accountant.

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

The underemployed are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours (**inadequate hours**); in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment (**mismatch of skills**); or are earning wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week (**low income**).

	Percent Surveyed	Estimated Total	Percent Surveyed	Estimated Total
Inadequate Hours	2.2%	453	Mismatch of Skills	8.1% 1,670
Low Income	0.5%	103	Σ †Total	10.1% 2,082

†Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

Note: To be counted as underemployed in any category an individual must be currently employed and likely to change their current employment situation.

