

TOP 5 OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORIES OF CLAIMANTS

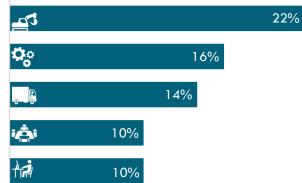
OCCUPATION

CONSTRUCTION & EXTRACTION

PRODUCTION

TRANSPORTATION & MATERIAL MOVING

MANAGEMENT



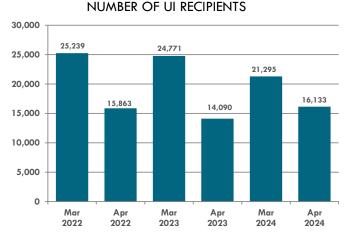
OFFICE & ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT

<u>CHANGE</u>

Gender	Apr-24	Mar-24		Apr-23		
Male	5,807	-6,382	-52.4%	1,128	24.1 %	
Female	2,799	-705	-20.1 %	181	6.9 %	
INA	87	-27	-23.7%	1	1.2%	
Age	Apr-24	Mar-24		Apr-23		
<25	471	-576	-55.0%	39	9.0%	
25-34	1,701	-1,594	-48.4%	178	11.7%	
35-44	1,995	-1,399	-41.2%	233	13.2%	
45-54	1,973	-1,291	-39.6%	376	23.5%	
55-59	917	-703	-43.4%	167	22.3%	
60+	1,636	-1,551	-48.7%	317	24.0 %	
INA	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	

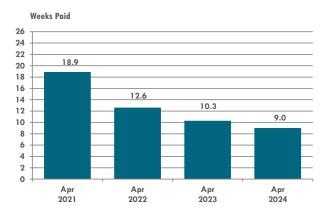
Industry	Apr-24	Mar-24		Apr-23		
Construction	2,595	-4,322	-62.5%	573	28.3%	
Manufacturing	1,799	-390	-17.8%	503	38.8%	
Admin. Support & Waste Mgmt.	739	-770	-51.0%	31	4.4%	
Healthcare & Social Assistance	517	-143	-21.7%	8	1.6%	
Retail Trade	483	-512	-51.5%	91	23.2%	
Occupation	Apr-24	Mc	Mar-24		Apr-23	
Construction & Extraction	1,89	4 -3,340	-63.8%	472	33.2%	
Production	1,40	4 -211	-13.1%	294	26.5%	
Transportation & Material Moving	1,19	4 -1,592	-57.1%	157	15.1%	
Office & Administrative Support	87	6 -108	-11.0%	30	3.5%	
Management	86	8 -353	-28.9%	172	24.7%	

*INA-Information Not Provided



- Recipients represent the number of persons receiving at least one UI benefit payment during the month.
- The number of UI recipients for April 2024 (16,133) decreased by 5,162 from the recipient number in March 2024 (21,295) and increased by 2,043 when compared to April 2023, (14,090). Most claims coming from temporary layoffs in manufacturing.

DURATION OF UI BENEFITS



- The maximum duration of UI benefits for most UI claimants is 16 weeks, (26 weeks maximum for plant closing). Duration measures the 12 month average of regular UI benefits only.
- The duration of benefits for April 2024 was at 9.0 weeks. A decrease from March 2024 (9.1 weeks). The duration of benefits was 10.3 weeks in April 2023.

Source: Iowa Unemployment Insurance Statistics. Note: The UI system was primarily designed to serve people who lost their last job. These characteristics do not necessarily reflect job leavers, new entrants, reentrants, and benefit exhaustees. Only regular UI claims are represented here. Typically about 30% to 40% of unemployed persons are receiving UI benefits in Iowa. This may be higher during recessions.